CLAÌMS

1. A radiation protection system for shielding medical personnel from x-rays from an x-ray emitter while working on a patient, comprising:

an x-ray table having a first side, a second side and a top surface, the top surface for supporting a patient;

a radiation-shielding cubicle having an interior defining a medical personnel region, the cubicle having a ceiling, floor, a first wall for separating the medical personnel from an x-ray emitter disposed outside of the cubicle, a second wall extending from one end of said first wall adjacent to a first side of the x-ray table and a third wall extending from the first wall adjacent to a second side of the x-ray table, the first wall having an opening for locating a portion of the x-ray table into the interior of the cubicle;

a radiation-shielding screen attached to the x-ray table for covering the portions of the patient and the top surface of the x-ray table located in the interior of the cubicle;

a radiation-shielding flexible interface for joining the x_Tray table to the cubicle, the

flexible interface having a flexible radiation-resistant skirt sealing the opening; and

an integrated procedural environment.

- 2. The system of claim 1 wherein said integrated procedural environment comprises a control module for controlling the x-ray table, x-ray emitter or environmental conditions.
- The system of claim 1 wherein said integrated procedural environment comprises an
 operator's chair positionable within the medical personnel region within the cubicle.
 - 4. The system of claim 3 wherein said chair comprises a control module for controlling the x-ray table, x-ray emitter, or environmental conditions.
 - 5. The system of claim 1 wherein said integrated procedural environment includes at least one fluoroscopic/cine screen mounted within the cubicle.

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- 6. The system of claim 5 wherein said integrated procedural environment further comprises at least one physiological monitor mounted within the cubicle.
- 7. The system of claim 6 wherein said fluoroscopic screen and monitor are repositionally mounted on the interior surface of the second wall of the cubicle.
- 5 8. The system of claim 1 wherein said integrated procedural environment comprises said radiation resistant screen having a vascular access drape, the drape having one or more ports for facilitating access to the patient.
 - 9. The system of claim 8 wherein said drape comprises a circumferential pleated portion sealing said drape with said interface, x-ray table and cubicle.
- 10 10. The system of claim 8 wherein said drape further comprises one or more channels in continuity with said ports.
 - 11. The system of claim 10 wherein said channels are formed by separating flaps of overlapping portions of drape material which, when closed, recomplete a radiation resistant seal over the channel.
- 15 12. The system of claim 8 further comprising one or more radiation-shielding cloaks sized for positioning a radiation-resistant seal over said one or more ports.
 - 13. The system of claim 12 wherein at least one of said cloaks has a re-closable radial slit and central orifice for positioning over a port and around procedural equipment passing through said port to provide a radiation-resistant seal over said port while allowing said procedural equipment to pass through the orifice of said cloak.
 - 14. The system of claim 1 wherein said environment includes conduit internal to said table into which leads, lines and other procedural equipment may be consolidated and orderly routed.
- 15. The system of claim 1 wherein said integrated procedural environment further includes at least one patient arm rest integral to said table.

- 16. The system of claim 15 wherein said arm rest comprises integrated restraints and physiological sensors.
- 17. The system of claim 1 wherein said environment comprises a platform disposed in or near the personnel region for holding procedural equipment.
- The system of claim 1 wherein said environment comprises a radiation detector in operative connection to the interior of said cubicle and said x-ray emitter such that detection of excess radiation levels within said cubicle will shut down said x-ray emitter.
 - 19. A radiation protection system for shielding medical personnel from x-rays from an x-ray emitter while working on a patient, comprising:
- an x-ray table having a first side, a second side and a top surface, the top surface for supporting a patient;

a radiation-shielding cubicle having an interior defining a medical personnel region, the cubicle having a ceiling, floor, a first wall for separating the medical personnel from an x-ray emitter disposed outside of the cubicle, a second wall extending from one end of said first wall adjacent to a first side of the x-ray table and a third wall extending from the first wall adjacent to a second side of the x-ray table, the first wall having an opening for locating a portion of the x-ray table into the interior of the cubicle;

a radiation-shielding screen attached to the x-ray table for covering the portions of the patient and the top surface of the x-ray table located in the interior of the cubicle;

a radiation-shielding flexible interface for joining the x-ray table to the cubicle, the flexible interface having a flexible radiation-resistant skirt sealing the opening; and an integrated procedural environment comprising:

a control module for controlling the x-ray table, x-ray emitter or environmental conditions;

25 fluoroscopic/sine screens mounted within the cubicle;

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physiological monitors mounted within the cubicle;

wherein said radiation resistant screen has a vascular access drape having one or more ports for facilitating access to the patient;

wherein said drape comprises a circumferential pleated portion sealing said drape with said interface, table and cubicle;

wherein said drape further comprises one or more channels in continuity with said ports;

wherein said channels are formed by separating flaps of overlapping portions of drape material which, when closed, recomplete a radiation resistant seal over the channel;

one or more radiation-closing cloaks sized for positioning a radiation-resistant seal over said one or more ports;

wherein at least one of said cloaks has a re-closable radial slit and a central orifice for positioning over a port and around procedural equipment passing through said port to provide a substantially radiation-resistant seal over said port while allowing said procedural equipment to pass through the orifice of said cloak;

conduit internal to said table into which leads, lines and other procedural equipment may be consolidated and orderly routed;

at least one patient arm rest integral to said table comprising integrated restraints and physiological sensors;

a platform disposed in or near the personnel region for holding procedural equipment; and

a radiation detector and operative connection to the interior of said cubicle and said x-ray emitter such that detection of excess radiation levels within said cubicle will shut down said x-ray emitter.

25 20. The method of using a system of claim 19 comprising the steps of:

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providing a sterilely prepared patient and x-ray table;

extending the sterilized or sterilely covered screen from the foot of the x-ray table to approximately the patient's knee area;

positioning a sterilely prepared vascular access drape such that the ports are located over the right and left femoral vascular access regions of the patient;

positioning the circumferential pleated portion of said drape such that it is in operative connection with said interface, table and cubicle to form a radiation-resistant seal;

positioning a sterilely prepared cloak over any unused access port to create a radiation-resistant seal over the port;

achieving vascular access into the patient through a port; and
positioning a sterilely prepared cloak having a reclosable radial slit and central orifice
such that a substantially radiation-resistant seal is created over said port and around said

procedural equipment.